

Course Description

ATE2639 | Animal Lab Procedures 2 | 3.00 credits

This course serves as a continuation of Animal Laboratory Procedures 1 and covers immunology, liver function and diagnostic testing for liver abnormalities, kidney function and testing used in disease states, urinalysis, pancreatic evaluation; normal and abnormal exfoliative cytology; and the evaluation of endocrine disorders. It also will include principles of serological testing and microbiological methods and protocols. Prerequisites: ATE2638, 2638L; corequisite: ATE2639L.

Course Competencies:

Competency 1: The student will demonstrate an understanding of the principles of clinical chemistry laboratory procedures by:

- 1. Discussing the available chemistry analyzers and their principle of operation
- 2. Displaying the differences between manual as well as automated chemistry tests, citing the advantages and disadvantages of each
- 3. Identifying the purposes for the recommendations regarding collection, handling, and storage of blood samples
- 4. Enumerating the guidelines for safe and efficient centrifuge operation
- 5. Discussing the characteristics and differences of plasma, serum, buffy coat, etc
- 6. Citing guidelines to prevent hemolysis in collected samples
- 7. Discussing available diagnostic tests for organ function investigation
- 8. Showing the use of serologic test kits available in veterinary clinical labs

Competency 2: The student will become acquainted with laboratory practices in microbiology by:

- 1. Describing the guidelines for proper sample preparation regarding urine and other body fluids
- 2. Interpreting exfoliative cytology samples
- 3. Determining the correct and incorrect methods of obtaining samples for the microbiology lab
- 4. Citing the principles on which culture and sensitivity studies are based upon
- 5. Discussing unique culture media characteristics used in aerobic, anaerobic, fungal, viral, and unique studies
- 6. Discussing in-house vs. Reference- laboratory testing
- 7. Discussing allergy testing both by blood analysis and skin testing

Competency 3: The student will be able to identify and describe laboratory procedures associated with performing a urinalysis by:

- 1. Learning and using terms associated with renal disease and urinalysis
- 2. Discussing quality control procedures necessary in handling a urine sample
- 3. Discussing what a complete urinalysis is and what is assessed when performing a urinalysis
- 4. Discussing and explaining the anatomy and physiology of the urogenital system

Competency 4: The student will be able to identify various laboratory methods used in assessing cytology in a veterinary laboratory by:

- 1. Discussing how to perform an ear cytology and identify the various elements
- 2. Detecting the stages of estrus and the elements associated with the various stages
- 3. Detecting the anatomical sites used to perform bone marrow aspiration
- 4. Detecting supplies required when performing a bone marrow aspirate
- 5. Detecting characteristics of bone marrow macroscopically and microscopically
- 6. Discussing how to perform M: E ratio
- 7. Describing and how to perform various techniques used to obtain cytological samples

8. Discussing and identifying the basic assessments used to identify neoplasia

Competency 5: The student will be able to discuss and identify ectopic parasites by:

- 1. Detecting genus and species of the various ectopic parasites seen in dogs and cats
- 2. Detecting what supplies are needed to perform tests associated with the identification of ectoparasites
- 3. Describing how to perform tests associated with identifying the various ectoparasites
- 4. Discussing microscopic objectives used in the identification of parasites
- 5. Detecting the various treatments used to treat the various ectoparasites

Learning Outcomes

- Communicate effectively using listening, speaking, reading, and writing skills
- Use quantitative analytical skills to evaluate and process numerical data
- Solve problems using critical and creative thinking and scientific reasoning